

# Defining custom elements in FEniCSx

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San Diego

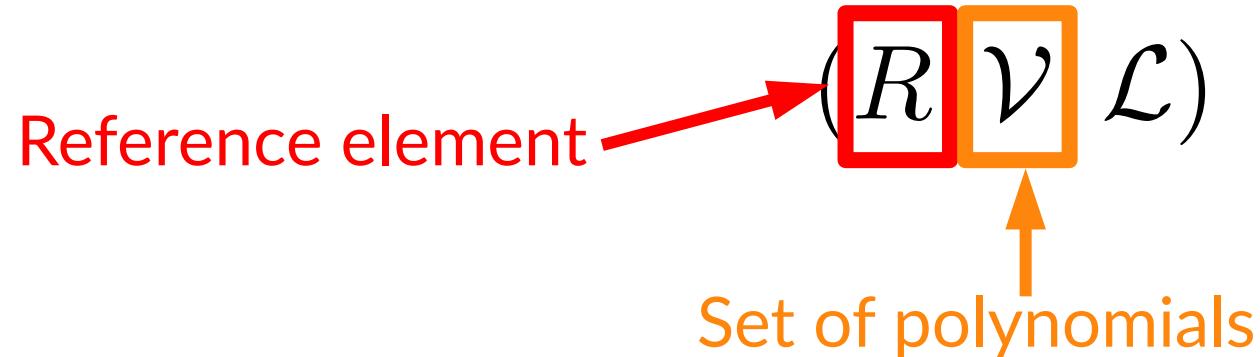
# Ciarlet finite element

$$(R, \mathcal{V}, \mathcal{L})$$

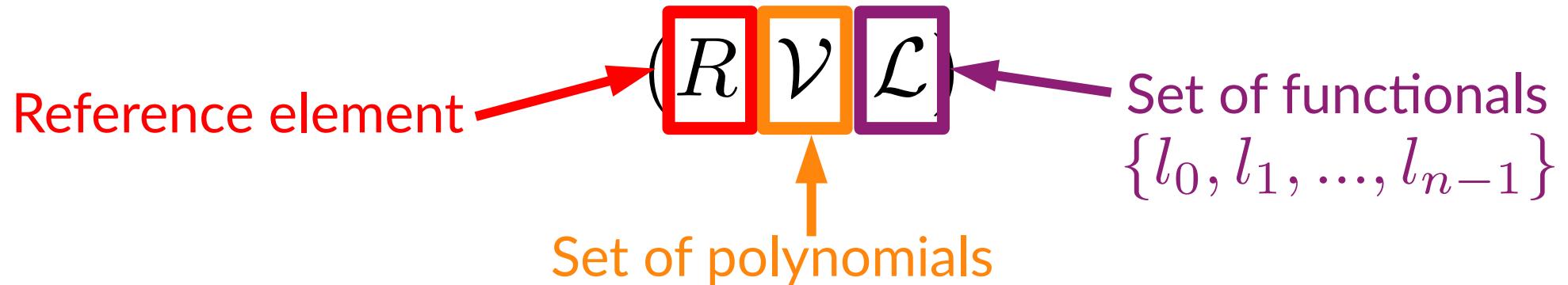
# Ciarlet finite element

Reference element  $\rightarrow (R \cap \mathcal{V}, \mathcal{L})$

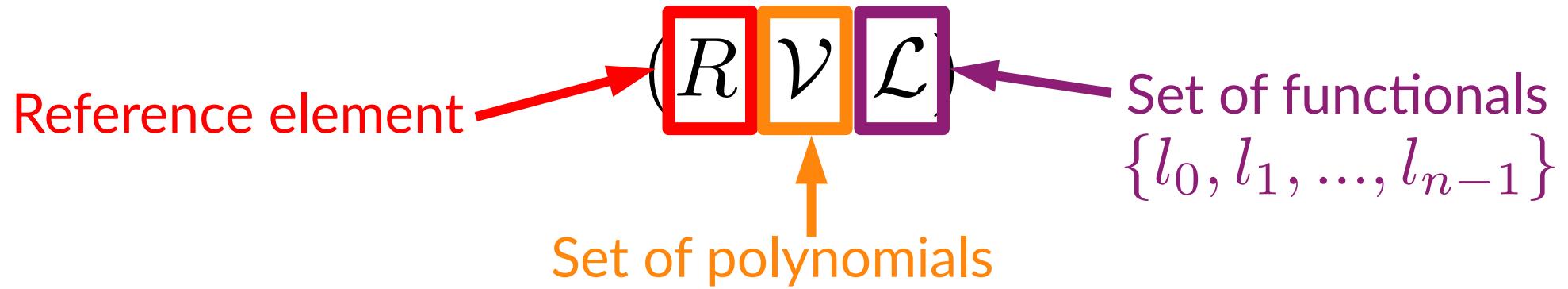
# Ciarlet finite element



# Ciarlet finite element

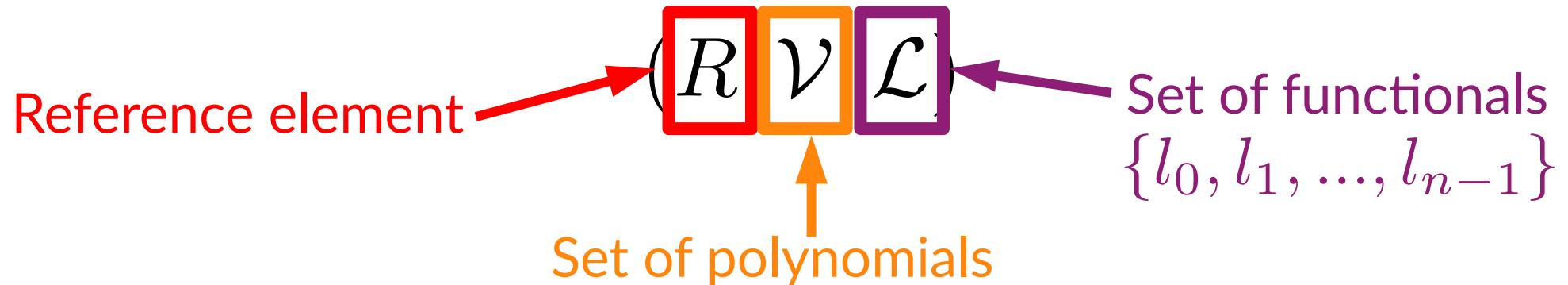


# Ciarlet finite element



Each functional  $l_i$  is associated with a sub-entity of the reference element

# Ciarlet finite element



Each functional  $l_i$  is associated with a sub-entity of the reference element

Basis functions are defined by:

$$\phi_j \in \mathcal{V} \quad l_i(\phi_j) = \begin{cases} 1 & i = j \\ 0 & i \neq j \end{cases}$$

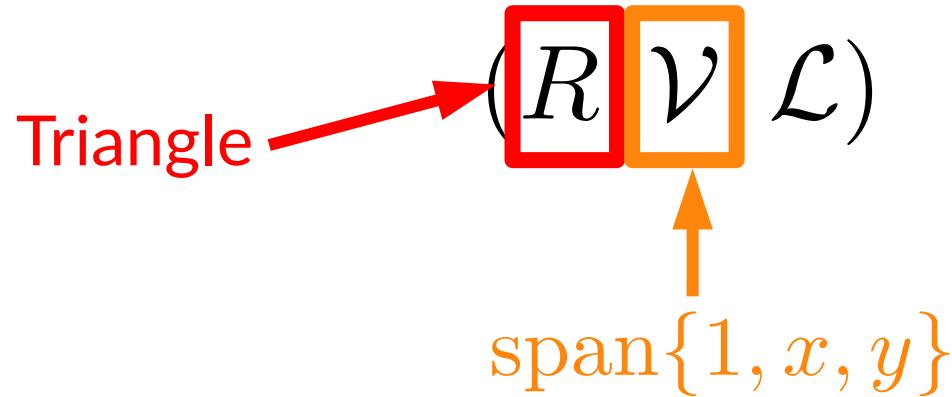
# Example: Lagrange element

$$(R, \mathcal{V}, \mathcal{L})$$

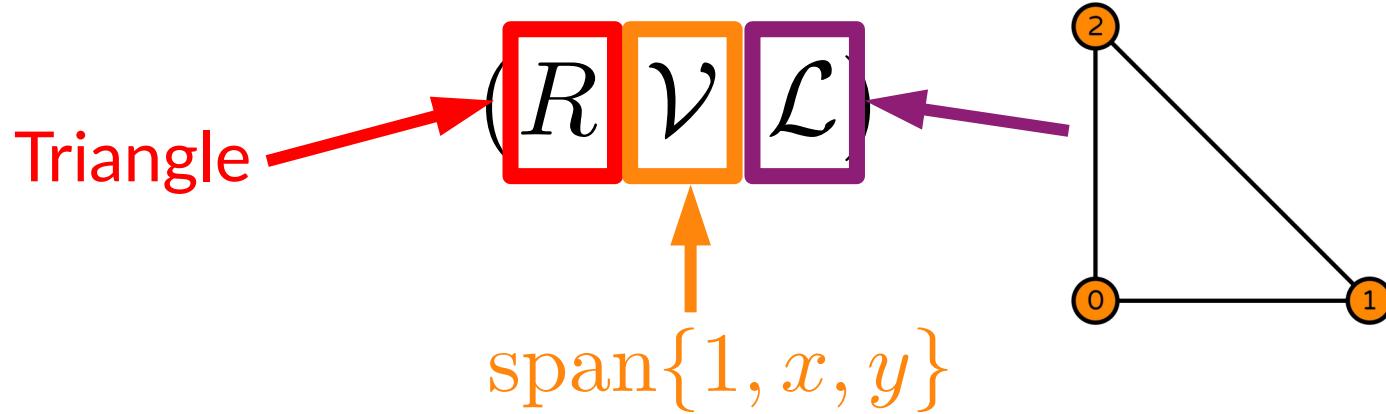
# Example: Lagrange element

Triangle   $\mathcal{V}, \mathcal{L}$ )

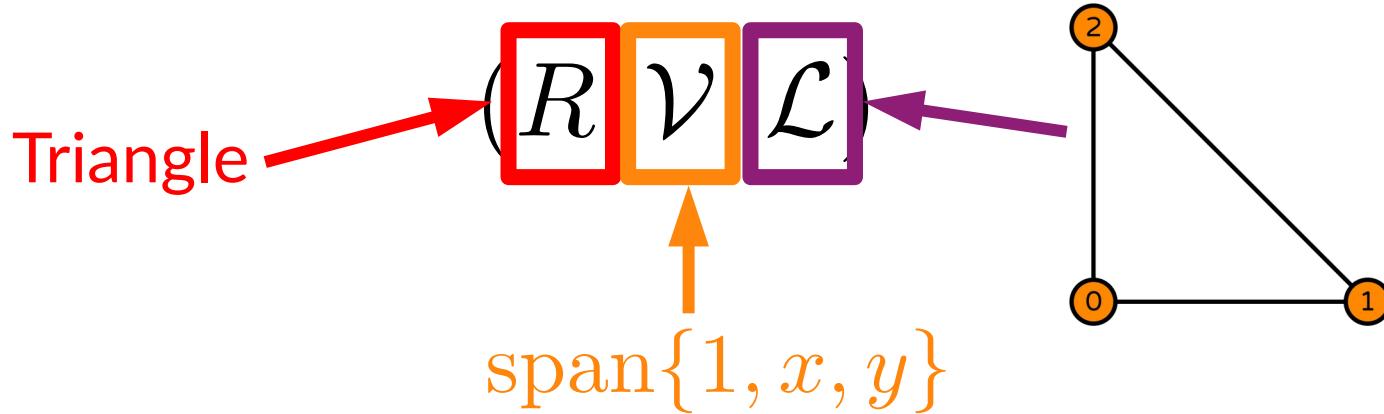
# Example: Lagrange element



# Example: Lagrange element



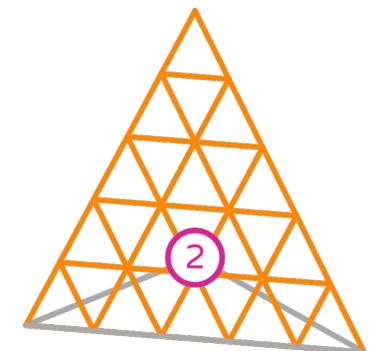
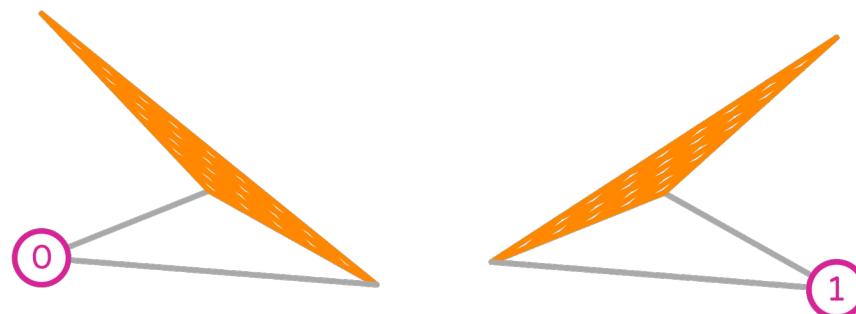
# Example: Lagrange element



$$\phi_0 = 1 - x - y$$

$$\phi_1 = x$$

$$\phi_2 = y$$



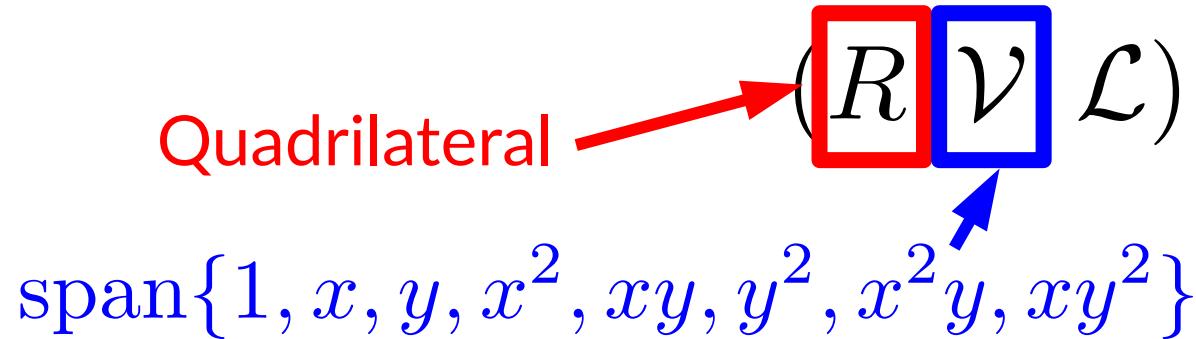
# Example: TNT element

$$(R, \mathcal{V}, \mathcal{L})$$

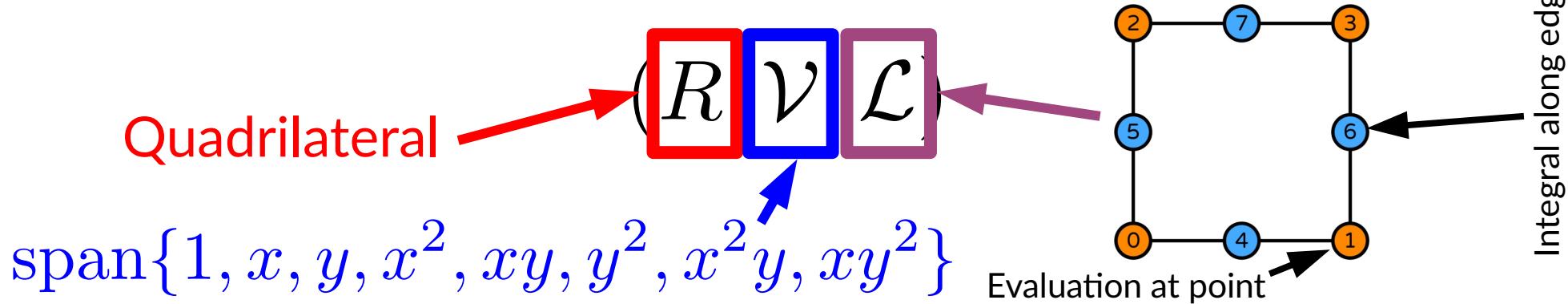
# Example: TNT element

Quadrilateral   $(R \mathcal{V}, \mathcal{L})$

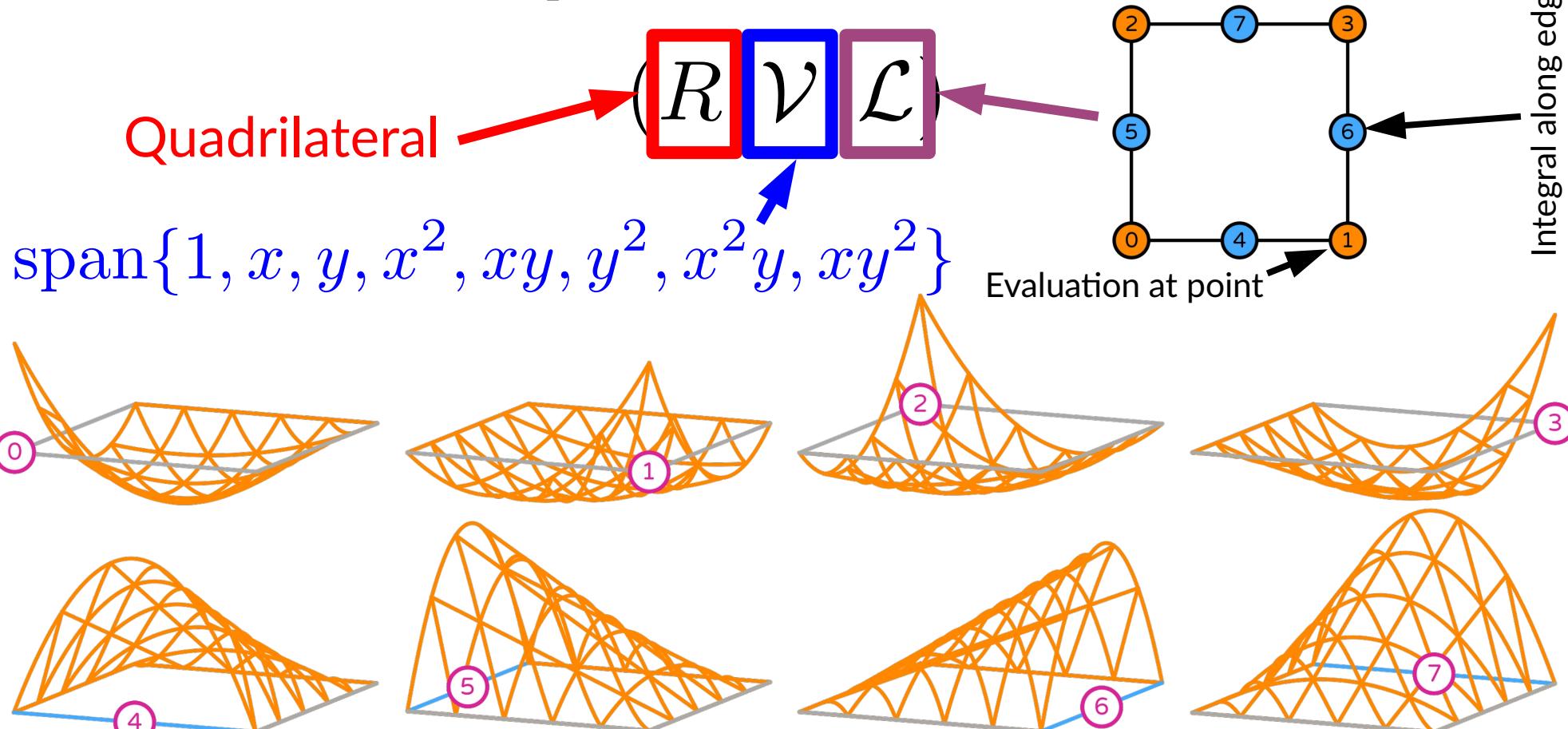
# Example: TNT element



# Example: TNT element



# Example: TNT element



# Implementing Ciarlet elements

$R$

$\mathcal{V}$

$\mathcal{L}$

# Basix

Finite element definition and tabulation library  
used by FEniCSx.

C++ with a Python interface.

<https://github.com/FEniCS/basix>

# Implementing Ciarlet elements

$R$

$\mathcal{V}$

$\mathcal{L}$

# Implementing Ciarlet elements

$R$  basix.CellType.triangle,  
basix.CellType.quadrilateral, etc

$\mathcal{V}$

$\mathcal{L}$

# Implementing Ciarlet elements

$R$  basix.CellType.triangle,  
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$\mathcal{V}$  Coefficients of basis of  $\mathcal{V}$  in terms of orthonormal polynomials

$\mathcal{L}$

# Implementing Ciarlet elements

$R$  basix.CellType.triangle,  
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$\mathcal{L}$  For each sub-entity:

# Implementing Ciarlet elements

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$\mathcal{L}$  For each sub-entity:

- Set of points

# Implementing Ciarlet elements

$R$  basix.CellType.triangle,

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$\mathcal{V}$  Coefficients of basis of  $\mathcal{V}$  in terms of orthonormal polynomials

$\mathcal{L}$  For each sub-entity:

- Set of points
- “Matrix” defining how values at these points can be combined to evaluate functionals. Shape of these is:

number of DOFs  $\times$  value size  $\times$  number of points  $\times$  number of derivatives

$R$

# TNT elements in Basix

`basix.CellType.quadrilateral`

$\mathcal{V}$

# TNT elements in Basix

$$\text{span}\{1, x, y, x^2, xy, y^2, x^2y, xy^2\}$$

$\mathcal{V}$ 

# TNT elements in Basix

$$\text{span}\{1, x, y, x^2, xy, y^2, x^2y, xy^2\}$$

Degree 3 orthonormal polynomials:

$$\begin{aligned} & 1, \sqrt{3}(2y - 1), \sqrt{5}(6y^2 - 6y + 1), \sqrt{3}(2x - 1), 12xy - 6x - 6y + 3, \sqrt{15}(12xy^2 - 12xy + 2x - 6y^2 + 6y - 1), \\ & \sqrt{5}(6x^2 - 6x + 1), \sqrt{15}(12x^2y - 6x^2 - 12xy + 6x + 2y - 1), \\ & 180x^2y^2 - 180x^2y + 30x^2 - 180xy^2 + 180xy - 30x + 30y^2 - 30y + 5 \end{aligned}$$

$\mathcal{V}$ 

# TNT elements in Basix

$$\text{span}\{1, x, y, x^2, xy, y^2, x^2y, xy^2\}$$

Degree 3 orthonormal polynomials:

$$1, \sqrt{3}(2y - 1), \sqrt{5}(6y^2 - 6y + 1), \sqrt{3}(2x - 1), 12xy - 6x - 6y + 3, \sqrt{15}(12xy^2 - 12xy + 2x - 6y^2 + 6y - 1),$$
$$\sqrt{5}(6x^2 - 6x + 1), \sqrt{15}(12x^2y - 6x^2 - 12xy + 6x + 2y - 1),$$
$$180x^2y^2 - 180x^2y + 30x^2 - 180xy^2 + 180xy - 30x + 30y^2 - 30y + 5$$

$\mathcal{V}$ 

# TNT elements in Basix

$$\text{span}\{1, x, y, x^2, xy, y^2, x^2y, xy^2\}$$

Degree 3 orthonormal polynomials:

$$1, \sqrt{3}(2y - 1), \sqrt{5}(6y^2 - 6y + 1), \sqrt{3}(2x - 1), 12xy - 6x - 6y + 3, \sqrt{15}(12xy^2 - 12xy + 2x - 6y^2 + 6y - 1),$$
$$\sqrt{5}(6x^2 - 6x + 1), \sqrt{15}(12x^2y - 6x^2 - 12xy + 6x + 2y - 1),$$
~~$$180x^2y^3 - 180x^2y^2 + 30x^2y - 100xy^2 + 100xy - 30x + 30y^2 - 30y + 5$$~~

$\mathcal{V}$ 

# TNT elements in Basix

$$\text{span}\{1, x, y, x^2, xy, y^2, x^2y, xy^2\}$$

Degree 3 orthonormal polynomials:

$$1, \sqrt{3}(2y - 1), \sqrt{5}(6y^2 - 6y + 1), \sqrt{3}(2x - 1), 12xy - \sqrt{5}(6x^2 - 6x + 1), \sqrt{15}(12x^2y - 6x^2 - 12xy + 6x + 2) \\ \cancel{180x^2y^3 - 180x^2y^2 + 30x^2 - 100xy^2 + 100xy - 30x + 1}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

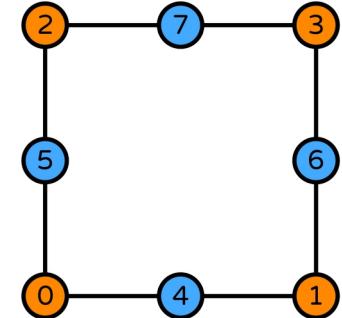
$\mathcal{V}$

# TNT elements in Basix

```
wcoeffs = np.eye(8, 9)
```

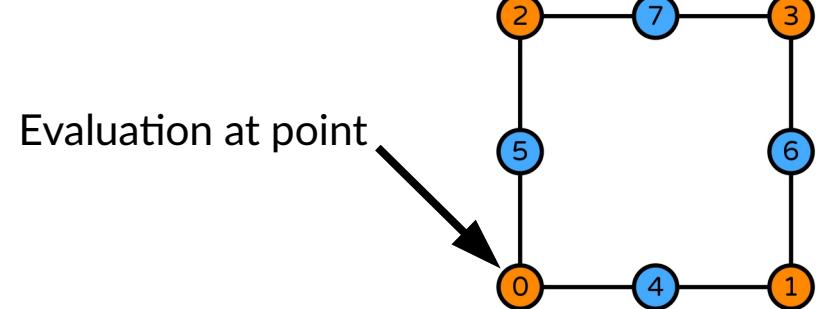
$\mathcal{L}$

# TNT elements in Basix



$\mathcal{L}$

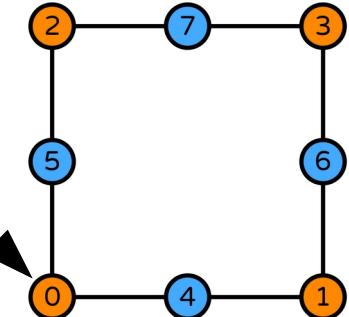
# TNT elements in Basix



$\mathcal{L}$

# TNT elements in Basix

Evaluation at point  
 $\{(0, 0)\}$

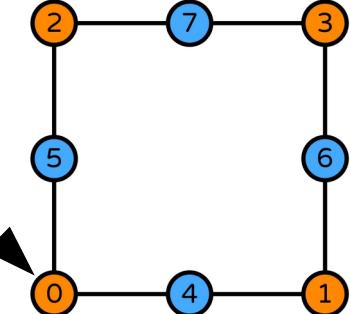


$\mathcal{L}$

# TNT elements in Basix

Evaluation at point

$$\{(0, 0)\}$$

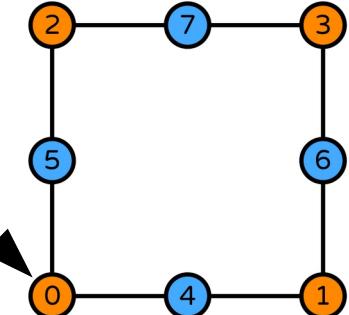


number of DOFs  $\times$  value size  $\times$  number of points  $\times$  number of derivatives

$\mathcal{L}$

# TNT elements in Basix

Evaluation at point  
 $\{(0, 0)\}$



number of DOFs  $\times$  value size  $\times$  number of points  $\times$  number of derivatives

1

$\times$

1

$\times$

1

$\times$

1

$\mathcal{L}$

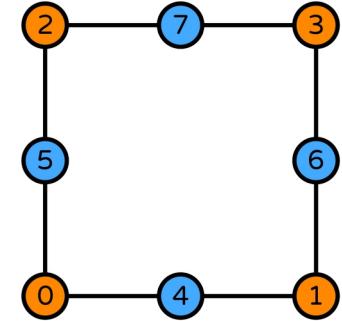
# TNT elements in Basix

```
geometry = basix.geometry(basix.CellType.quadrilateral)
topology = basix.topology(basix.CellType.quadrilateral)
x = [[], [], [], []]
M = [[], [], [], []]

for v in topology[0]:
    x[0].append(np.array(geometry[v]))
    M[0].append(np.array([[[[1.]]]]))
```

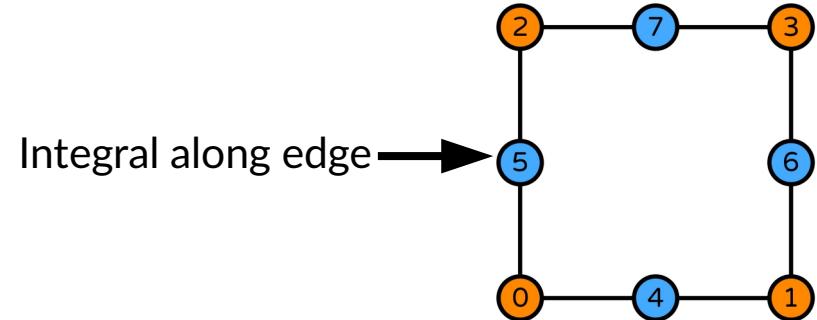
$\mathcal{L}$

# TNT elements in Basix



$\mathcal{L}$

# TNT elements in Basix

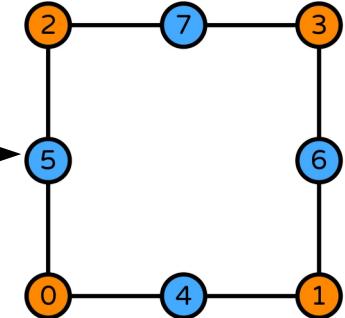


Integral along edge

$\mathcal{L}$

# TNT elements in Basix

Integral along edge → {quadrature points}



$\mathcal{L}$

# TNT elements in Basix

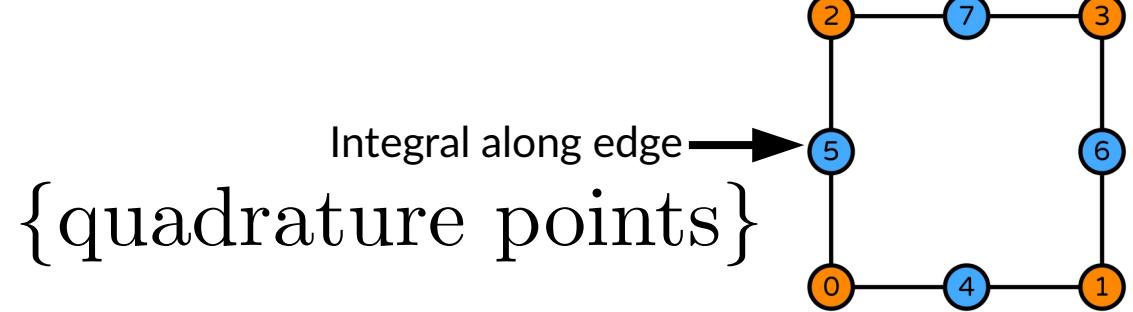


{quadrature points}

number of DOFs  $\times$  value size  $\times$  number of points  $\times$  number of derivatives

$\mathcal{L}$

# TNT elements in Basix



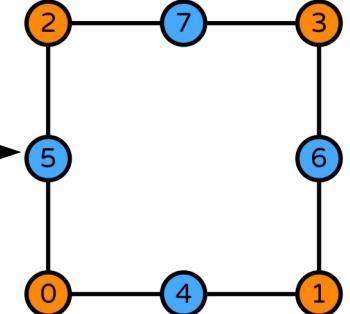
number of DOFs  $\times$  value size  $\times$  number of points  $\times$  number of derivatives

$$1 \quad \times \quad 1 \quad \times \text{number of points} \times \quad 1$$

$\mathcal{L}$

# TNT elements in Basix

{quadrature points}



number of DOFs  $\times$  value size  $\times$  number of points  $\times$  number of derivatives

$$1 \quad \times \quad 1 \quad \times \text{number of points} \times \quad 1$$

Quadrature weights

$\mathcal{L}$

# TNT elements in Basix

```
pts, wts = basix.make_quadrature(basix.CellType.interval, 2)
for e in topology[1]:
    v0 = geometry[e[0]]
    v1 = geometry[e[1]]
    edge_pts = np.array([v0 + p * (v1 - v0) for p in pts])
    x[1].append(edge_pts)

    mat = np.zeros((1, 1, pts.shape[0], 1))
    mat[0, 0, :, 0] = wts
    M[1].append(mat)
```

$\mathcal{L}$

# TNT elements in Basix

```
x[2].append(np.zeros([0, 2]))  
M[2].append(np.zeros([0, 1, 0, 1]))
```

# TNT elements in Basix

```
element = basix.create_custom_element(  
    CellType.quadrilateral, [], wcoeffs, x, M, 0,  
    MapType.identity, False, 1, 2)
```

# TNT elements in Basix

```
element = basix.create_custom_element(  
    CellType.quadrilateral, [] wcoeffs, x, M, 0,  
    MapType.identity, False, 1, 2)
```

Value shape



# TNT elements in Basix

```
element = basix.create_custom_element(  
    CellType.quadrilateral, [] wcoeffs, x, M,  
    MapType.identity, False, 1, 2)
```

Value shape  
Number of derivatives used by functionals

The diagram illustrates the creation of a custom TNT element in Basix. The code defines an element using the `create_custom_element` function. Several parameters are specified: the cell type is a quadrilateral; the weight coefficients are represented by an empty list; the element is mapped using the identity map; it is created as a false element; and its reference dimensions are 1 and 2. Two annotations are present: a red arrow labeled "Value shape" points to the empty list, indicating that the element is scalar-valued; a purple arrow labeled "Number of derivatives used by functionals" points to the value 0, indicating that no derivatives are used by the functionals.

# TNT elements in Basix

```
element = basix.create_custom_element(  
    CellType.quadrilateral, [] wcoeffs, x, M,  
    MapType.identity False, 1, 2)
```

Push forward / pull back  
map type

Value shape

Number of derivatives  
used by functionals

# TNT elements in Basix

```
element = basix.create_custom_element(  
    CellType.quadrilateral, [] wcoeffs, x, M,  
    MapType.identity, False, 1, 2)
```

Push forward / pull back  
map type

Is the element  
discontinuous?

Value shape

Number of derivatives  
used by functionals

# TNT elements in Basix

```
element = basix.create_custom_element(  
    CellType.quadrilateral, [], wcoeffs, x, M,  
    MapType.identity, False, 1, 2)
```

Push forward / pull back  
map type

Is the element  
discontinuous?

Highest complete degree

Value shape

Number of derivatives  
used by functionals

# TNT elements in Basix

```
element = basix.create_custom_element(  
    CellType.quadrilateral, [], wcoeffs, x, M,  
    MapType.identity, False, 1, 2, 0,
```

Push forward / pull back  
map type

Is the element  
discontinuous?

Value shape

Number of derivatives  
used by functionals

1

2

Highest complete degree

Highest polynomial  
degree

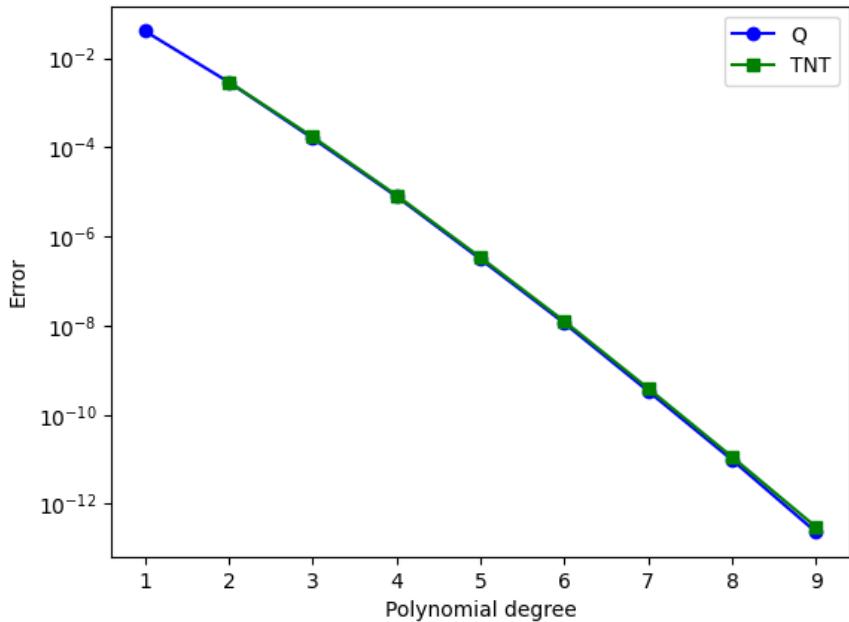
# TNT elements in Basix

```
element = basix.create_custom_element(  
    CellType.quadrilateral, [], wcoeffs, x, M, 0,  
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```

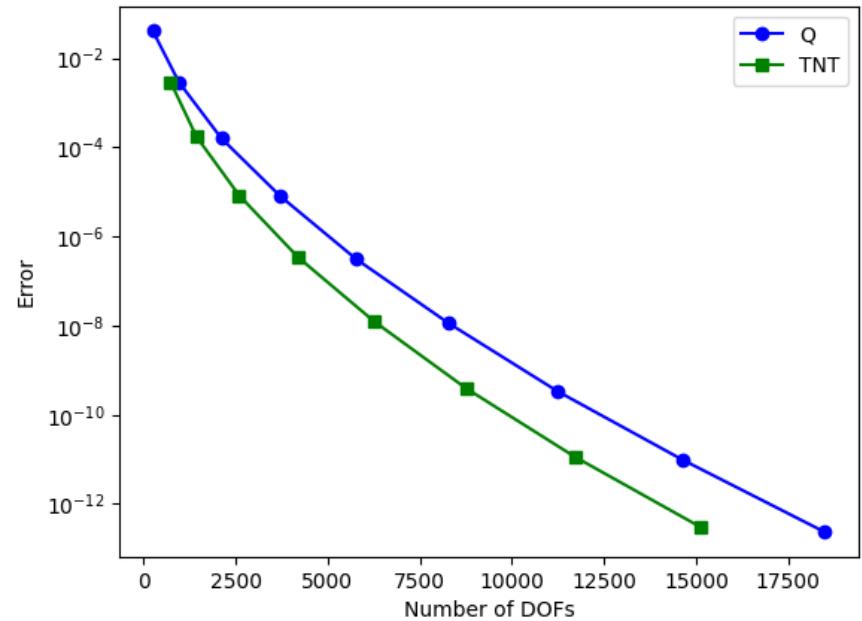
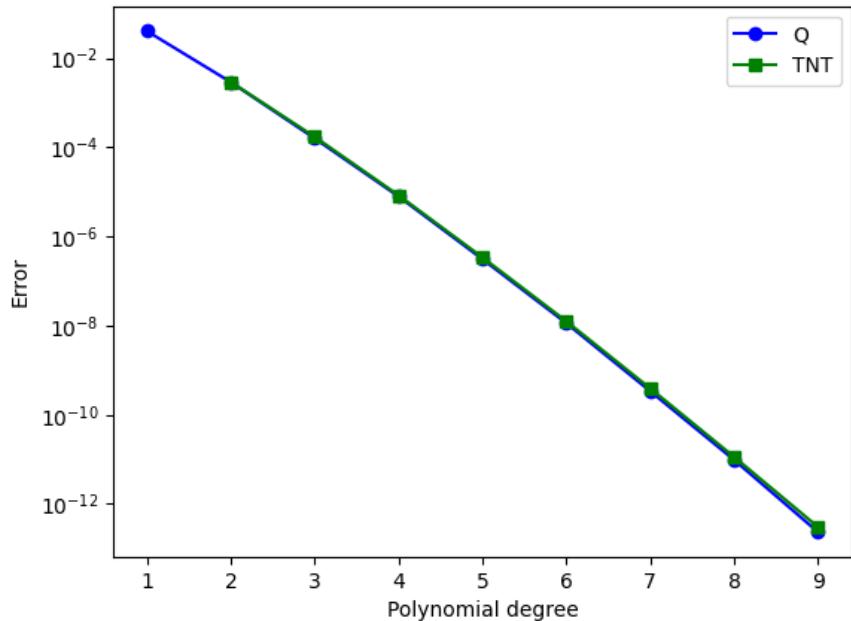
# TNT elements in Basix

```
element = basix.create_custom_element(  
    CellType.quadrilateral, [], wcoeffs, x, M, 0,  
    MapType.identity, False, 1, 2)  
  
import basix.ufl_wrapper  
ufl_element = basix.ufl_wrapper.BasixElement(element)
```

# TNT elements in DOLFINx



# TNT elements in DOLFINx

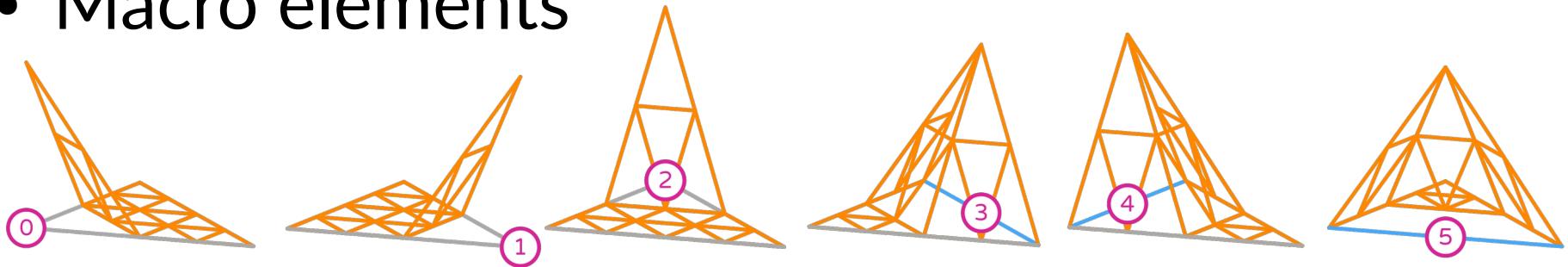


# Summary

- Custom elements can be implemented in Basix using an implementation based on the Ciarlet definition
- Custom elements can be used with DOLFINx via Basix's UFL wrapper

# Future work

- Macro elements



- H2 and H3 elements

# Thanks for listening!

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